

[illegible]

Figure 1 is a 3D block diagram illustrating the spatial distribution of the 1000 most common taxa in the 1990s. The diagram is a rectangular prism with a grid on the top and front faces. The vertical axis is labeled 'Depth (m)' with values from 0 to 1000. The horizontal axis is labeled 'Distance (km)' with values from 0 to 1000. The depth axis is on the left, and the distance axis is on the bottom. The top face is labeled 'Depth (m)' and the front face is labeled 'Distance (km)'. The diagram shows a diagonal band of high density (yellow/orange) running from the top-left corner towards the bottom-right corner, indicating a gradient of taxon density across the depth and distance dimensions.

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